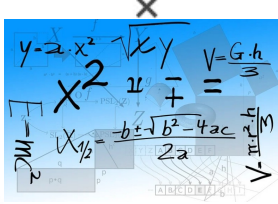


Roues du calcul littéral

Développer les expressions suivantes.



$x(2x - 4) =$
 $2(x + 4) =$
 $x(5 - 3x) =$
 $-4(x + 3) =$
 $5(10 + 2x) =$
 $-6(3 - 2x) =$
 $-4(-2 - 3x) =$
 $3(2x - 4) =$
 $3(2 - 7x) =$
 $2x(3 + 5x) =$

Solutions

×

$2x^2 - 4x$
 $2x + 8$
 $5x - 3x^2$
 $-4x - 12$
 $-18 + 12x$
 $6x - 12$
 $6x + 10x^2$
 $6 - 21x$
 $8 + 12x$
 $50 + 10x$